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## TYPICAL CONVERSION FORMULAS

### LOG -> LINEAR VOLTAGE

dB $\mu$ V to Volts	$V = 10^{((dB_{\mu V} - 120) / 20)}$
Volts to dB $\mu$ V	$dB_{\mu V} = 20 \log(V) + 120$
dBV to Volts	$V = 10^{(dBV / 20)}$
Volts to dBV	$dBV = 20 \log(V)$
dBV to dB $\mu$ V	$dB_{\mu V} = dBV + 120$
dB $\mu$ V to dBV	$dBV = dB_{\mu V} - 120$

### LOG -> LINEAR CURRENT

dB $\mu$ A to $\mu$ A	$\mu A = 10^{(dB_{\mu A} / 20)}$
$\mu$ A to dB $\mu$ A	$dB_{\mu A} = 20 \log(\mu A)$
dBA to A	$A = 10^{(dBA / 20)}$
A to dBA	$dBA = 20 \log(A)$
dBA to dB $\mu$ A	$dB_{\mu A} = dBA + 120$
dB $\mu$ A to dBA	$dBA = dB_{\mu A} - 120$

### LOG -> LINEAR POWER

dBm to Watts	$W = 10^{((dBm - 30) / 10)}$
Watts to dBm	$dBm = 10 \log(W) + 30$
dBW to Watts	$W = 10^{(dBW / 10)}$
Watts to dBW	$dBW = 10 \log(W)$
dBW to dBm	$dBm = dBW + 30$
dBm to dBW	$dBW = dBm - 30$

### TERM CONVERSIONS

dBm to dB $\mu$ V	$dB_{\mu V} = dBm + 107$ (50 $\Omega$ ) $dB_{\mu V} = dBm + 10 \log(Z) + 90$
dB $\mu$ V to dBm	$dBm = dB_{\mu V} - 107$ (50 $\Omega$ ) $dBm = dB_{\mu V} - 10 \log(Z) - 90$
dBm to dB $\mu$ A	$dB_{\mu A} = dBm + 73$ (50 $\Omega$ ) $dB_{\mu A} = dBm - 10 \log(Z) + 90$
dB $\mu$ A to dBm	$dBm = dB_{\mu A} - 73$ (50 $\Omega$ ) $dBm = dB_{\mu A} + 10 \log(Z) - 90$
dB $\mu$ A to dB $\mu$ V	$dB_{\mu V} = dB_{\mu A} + 34$ (50 $\Omega$ ) $dB_{\mu V} = dB_{\mu A} + 20 \log(Z)$
dB $\mu$ V to dB $\mu$ A	$dB_{\mu A} = dB_{\mu V} - 34$ (50 $\Omega$ ) $dB_{\mu A} = dB_{\mu V} - 20 \log(Z)$

### FIELD STRENGTH & POWER DENSITY

dB $\mu$ V/m to V/m	$V/m = 10^{(((dB_{\mu V/m}) - 120) / 20)}$
V/m to dB $\mu$ V/m	$dB_{\mu V/m} = 20 \log(V/m) + 120$
dB $\mu$ V/m to dBmW/m <sup>2</sup>	$dBmW/m^2 = dB_{\mu V/m} - 115.8$
dBmW/m <sup>2</sup> to dB $\mu$ V/m	$dB_{\mu V/m} = dBmW/m^2 + 115.8$
dB $\mu$ V/m to dB $\mu$ A/m	$dB_{\mu A/m} = dB_{\mu V/m} - 51.5$
dB $\mu$ A/m to dB $\mu$ V/m	$dB_{\mu V/m} = dB_{\mu A} + 51.5$
dB $\mu$ A/m to dBpT	$DBpT = dB_{\mu A/m} + 2$
dBpT to dB $\mu$ A/m	$dB_{\mu A/m} = dBpT - 2$
W/m <sup>2</sup> to V/m	$V/m = \text{SQRT}(W/m^2 * 377)$
V/m to W/m <sup>2</sup>	$W/m^2 = (V/m)^2 / 377$
$\mu$ T to A/m	$A/m = \mu T / 1.25$
A/m to $\mu$ T	$\mu T = 1.25 * A/m$

### E-FIELD ANTENNAS

Correction Factor	$dB_{\mu V/m} = dB_{\mu V} + AF$
Field Strength	$V/m = \sqrt{\frac{30 * \text{watts} * \text{Gain}_{\text{numeric}}}{\text{meters}}}$
Required Power	$\text{Watts} = \frac{(V/m * \text{meters})^2}{30 * \text{Gain}_{\text{numeric}}}$

### LOOP ANTENNAS

Correction Factors	$dB_{\mu A/m} = dB_{\mu V} + AF$
Assumed E-field for shielded loops	$dB_{\mu V/m} = dB_{\mu A/m} + 51.5$
	$dBpT = dB_{\mu V} + dBpT/\mu V$

### CURRENT PROBES

Correction Factor	$dB_{\mu A} = dB_{\mu V} - dB_{(\text{ohm})}$
Power needed for injection probe given voltage(V) into 50 $\Omega$ load and Probe Insertion Loss (I <sub>L</sub> )	$\text{Watts} = 10^{((I_L + 10 \log(V^2/50))/10)}$